

Nutrition

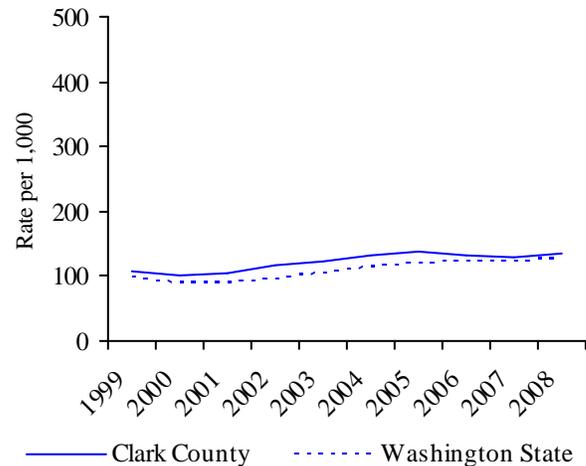
Food stamp participation

This indicator includes the number of persons receiving food stamps per 1,000 population and is a proxy for food insecurity.

Key Findings

- In 2008, 134 per 1,000 (56,653) people in Clark County received food stamps.
- In 2008, Clark County appeared to be **higher** than the Washington State rate of 126 per 1,000.
- In Clark County, the food stamp recipient rate **increased** between 1999 and 2005 and did not change from 2005 to 2008. In Washington State, the rate **increased** between 2002 and 2008.

**Food Stamp Participation
Clark County and Washington State
1999 to 2008**



Geography

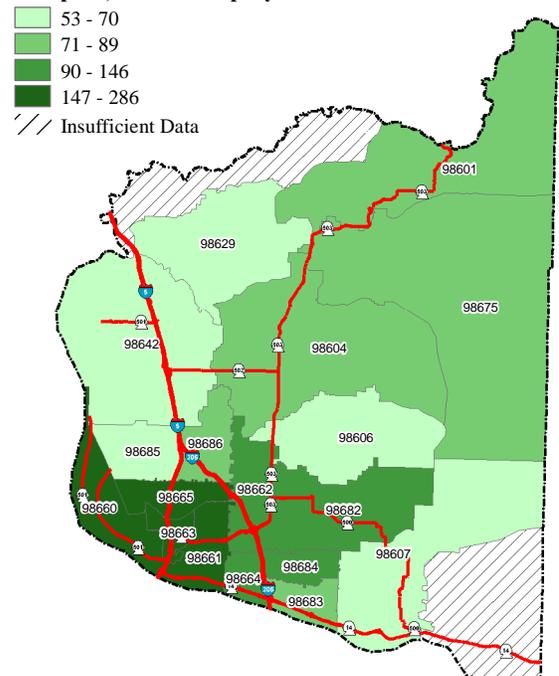
In 2004 to 2008, the following Clark County neighborhoods had the **lowest** food stamp recipient rates.

- 98606- Brush Prairie / Hockinson
53 per 1,000 (CI 49, 56)
- 98642- Ridgefield
60 per 1,000 (CI 57, 63)
- 98629- La Center
61 per 1,000 (CI 57, 65)

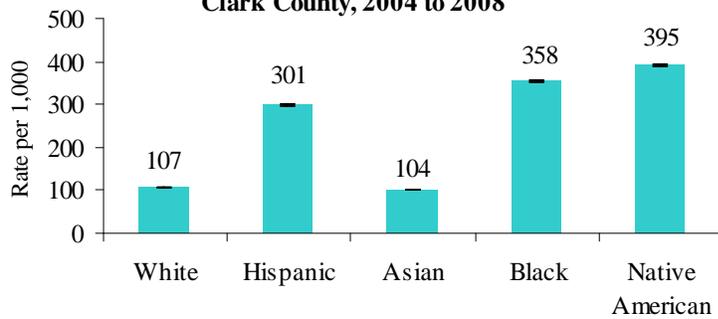
In 2004 to 2008, the following Clark County neighborhoods had the **highest** food stamp recipient rates.

- 98663- NW Central Vancouver
218 per 1,000 (CI 213, 223)
- 98660- W Vancouver / Fruit Valley
244 per 1,000 (CI 238, 250)
- 98661- S Central Vancouver / Minnehaha / The Heights
287 per 1,000 (CI 283, 290)

Food Stamps Recipient Rate by Zip -- 2004-2008
Rate per 1,000 residents per year



**Food Stamp Participation by Race/Ethnicity
Clark County, 2004 to 2008**

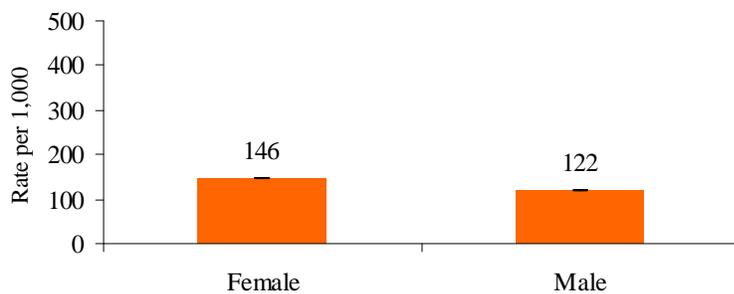


Race/ethnicity

In 2004 to 2008 in Clark County, compared to White residents, food stamp participation among:

- Hispanic, Black, and Native American residents was **higher**.
- Asian residents was **lower**.

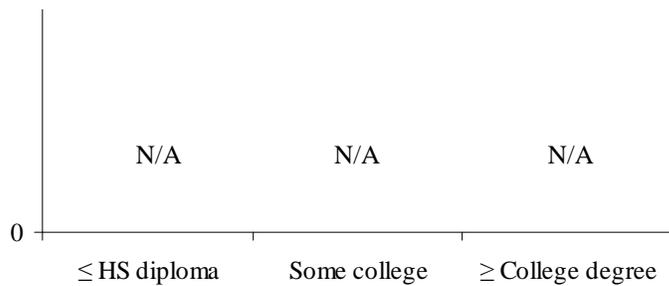
**Food Stamp Participation by Gender
Clark County, 2004 to 2008**



Gender

In 2004 to 2008 in Clark County, food stamp participation among females was **higher** than among males.

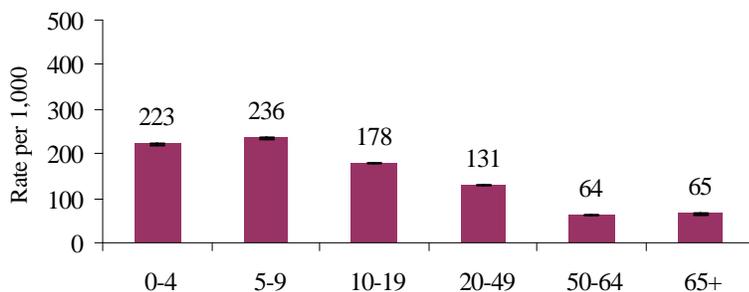
Food Stamp Participation by Education Level



Socioeconomic status

This information not available for this indicator.

**Food Stamp Participation by Age
Clark County, 2004 to 2008**



Age

In 2004 to 2008 in Clark County, food stamp participation appeared to **decrease** with age.

Nutrition

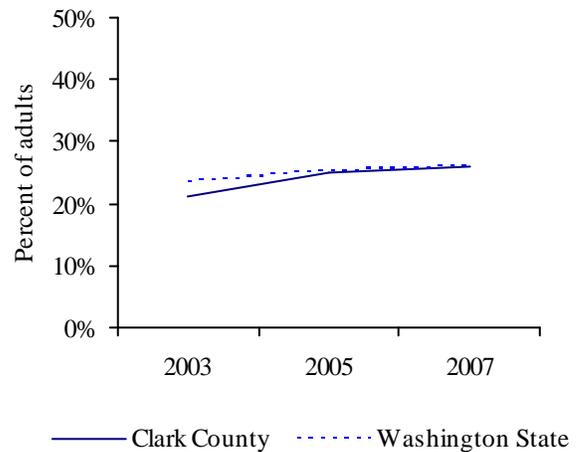
Adult fruit and vegetable consumption

This indicator includes the percent of adults who consume fruits and vegetables five or more times per day.

Key Findings

- In 2007, 26% (77,401) of adults in Clark County ate fruits and vegetables five or more times per day (221,358 did not eat fruits and vegetables five or more times per day).
- In 2007, Clark County appeared to be similar to the Washington State rate of 26%.
- Between 2003 and 2007, the percent of adults who ate fruits and vegetables five or more times per day **increased** in Clark County and appeared to **increase** in Washington State

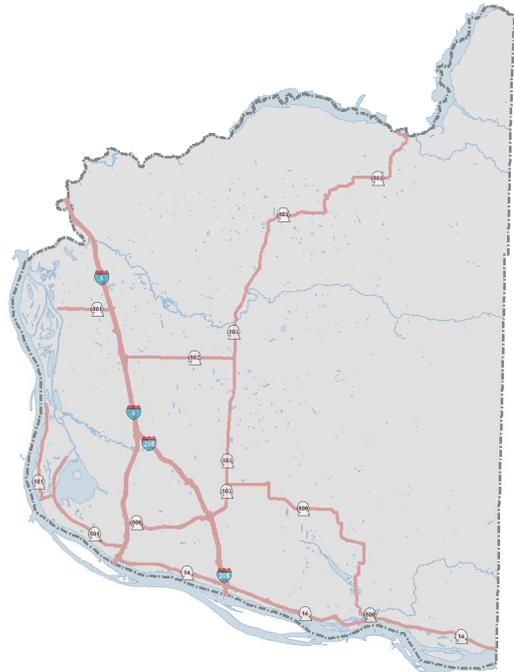
**Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption
5 or More Times a Day
Clark County and Washington State
2003, 2005, 2007**



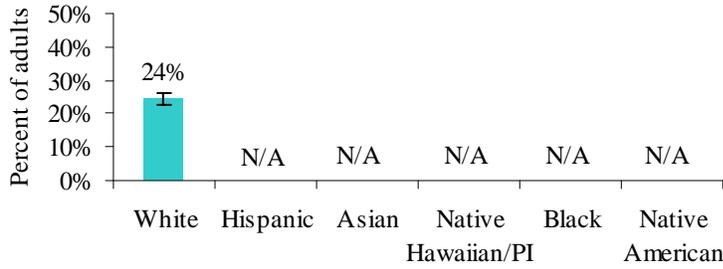
Geography

Geographic data are not available for this indicator.

Geographic Information Not Available For This Health Indicator



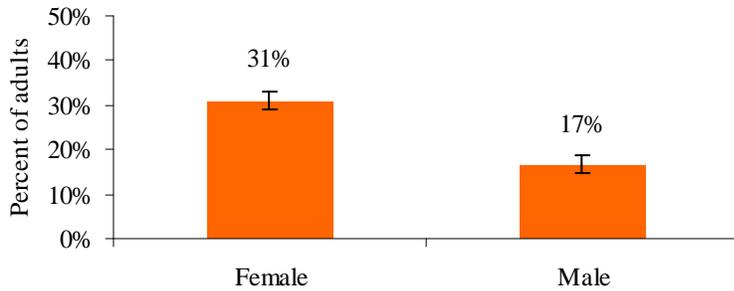
**Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption by Race/Ethnicity
5 or More Times a Day, Clark County, 2003, 2005, 2007**



Race/ethnicity

This could not be calculated due to small numbers.

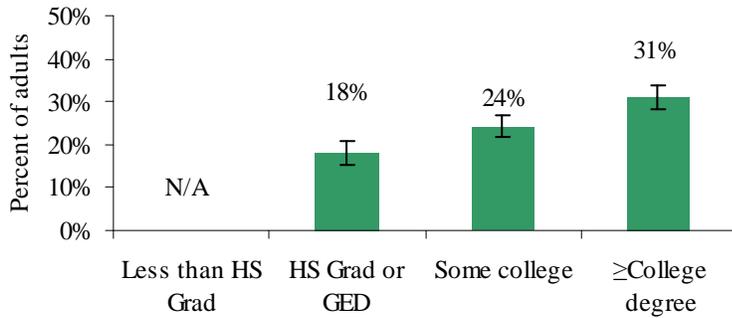
**Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption by Gender
5 or More Times a Day, Clark County, 2003, 2005, 2007**



Gender

In 2003, 2005, and 2007 in Clark County, the percent of females who consumed fruits and vegetables five or more times per day was **higher** than among males.

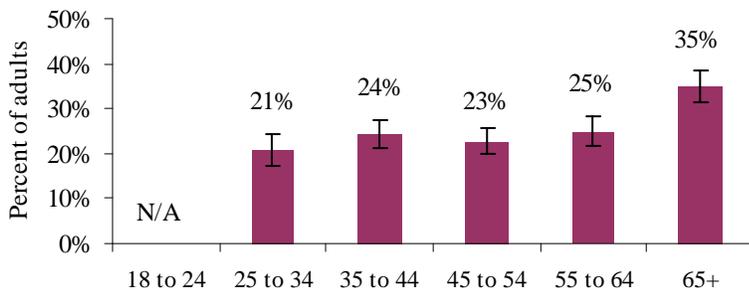
**Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption by Education Level
5 or More Times a Day, Clark County, 2003, 2005, 2007**



Socioeconomic status

In 2003, 2005, and 2007 in Clark County, the percent of adults who consumed fruits and vegetables five or more times per day **increased** with education.

**Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption by Age
5 or More Times a Day, Clark County, 2003, 2005, 2007**



Age

In 2003, 2005, and 2007 in Clark County, the percent of adults who consumed fruits and vegetables five or more times per day **increased** with age.

Nutrition

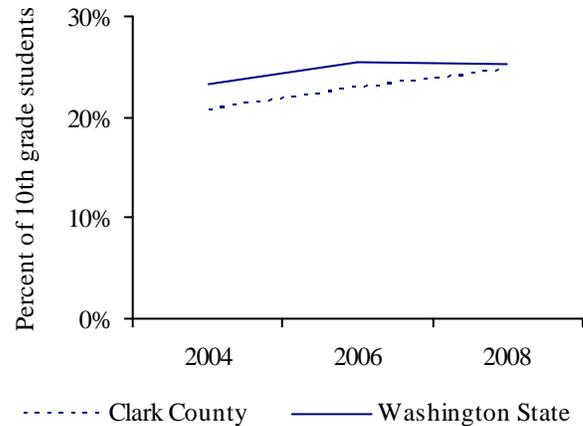
Youth fruit and vegetable consumption

This indicator includes the percent of youth who consume fruits and vegetables five or more times per day.

Key Findings

- In 2008, 25% of Clark County tenth grade students consumed fruits and vegetables five or more times per day.
- In 2008, fruit and vegetable consumption among Clark County tenth grade students appeared to be similar to the Washington State rate of 25%.
- Between 2004 and 2008, fruit and vegetable consumption in tenth grade students **increased** in Clark County and Washington State.

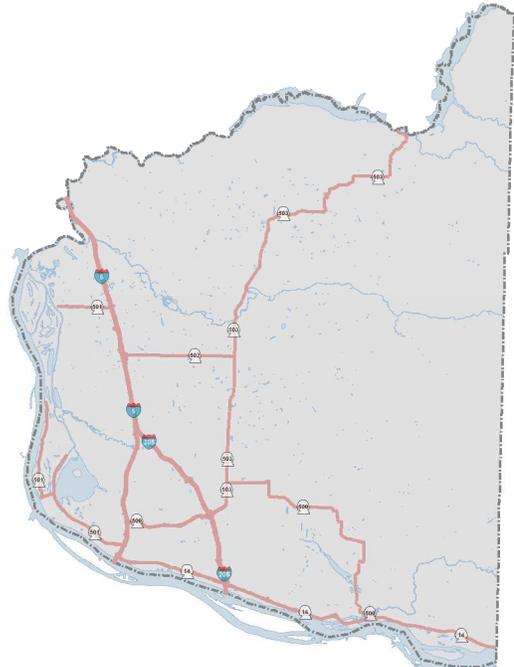
**Youth Fruit/Vegetable Consumption
5 or More Times per Day
Clark County and Washington State
10th Grade Students, 2004, 2006, 2008**



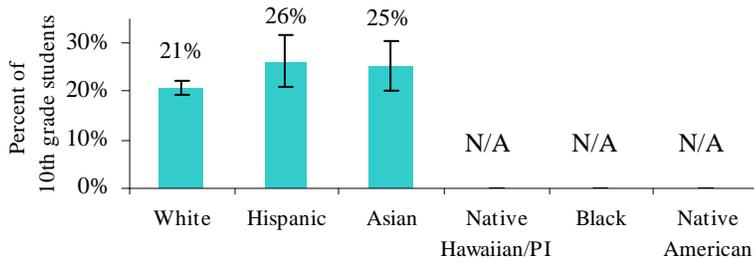
Geography

Geographic data are not available for this indicator.

Geographic Information Not Available For This Health Indicator



**Youth Fruit/Vegetable Consumption by Race/Ethnicity
5 or More Times Per Day
Clark County 10th Grade Students, 2004, 2006, 2008**

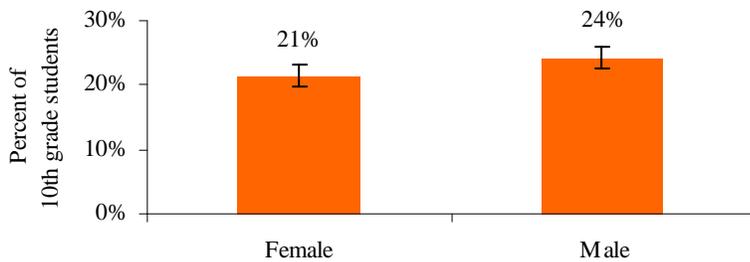


Race/ethnicity

In 2004, 2006, and 2008 in Clark County, compared to White tenth grade students, fruit and vegetable consumption among:

- Hispanic and Asian tenth grade students was similar.
- Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, Black, and Native American tenth grade students could not be calculated due to small numbers.

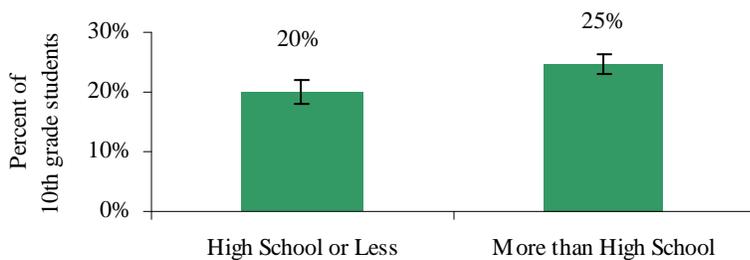
**Youth Fruit/Vegetable Consumption by Gender
5 or More Times per Day
Clark County 10th Grade Students, 2004, 2006, 2008**



Gender

In 2004, 2006, and 2008 in Clark County, the percent of youth that consumed fruits and vegetables five or more times per day among tenth grade females was **lower** than males.

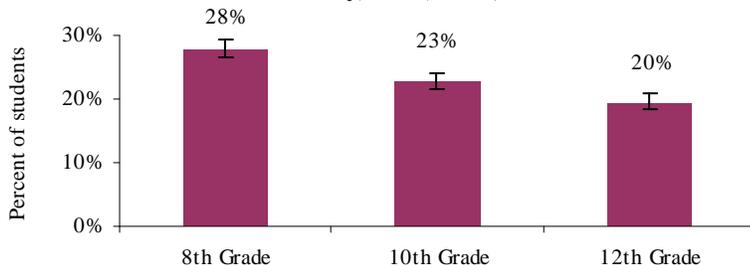
**Youth F/V Consumption by Mother's Level of Ed
5 or More Times per Day
Clark County 10th Grade Students, 2004, 2006, 2008**



Socioeconomic status

In 2004, 2006, and 2008 in Clark County, the percent of youth that consumed fruits and vegetables five or more times per day was **higher** among tenth grade students whose mothers completed more than a high school education compared to those whose mothers had a high school education or less.

**Youth Fruit/Vegetable Consumption by Grade Level
5 or More Times per Day
Clark County, 2004, 2006, 2008**



Age

In 2004, 2006, and 2008 in Clark County, the percent of youth that consumed fruits and vegetables five or more times per day **decreased** with grade level.

Nutrition

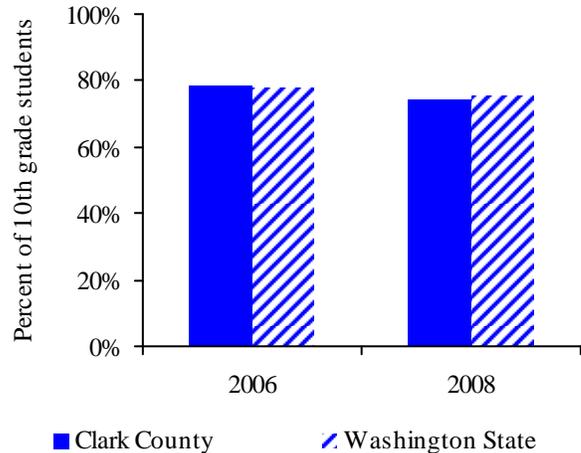
Sweetened beverage consumption at school

This indicator includes the percent of students who consumed one or more sweetened beverages at school or school activities in the past week.

Key Findings

- In 2008, 74% of Clark County tenth grade students consumed sweetened beverages at school or school activities in the past week.
- In 2008, sweetened beverage consumption at school among Clark County tenth grade students appeared to be similar to the Washington State rate of 75%.
- Between 2006 and 2008, sweetened beverage consumption at school in tenth grade students **decreased** in Clark County and did not change in Washington State.

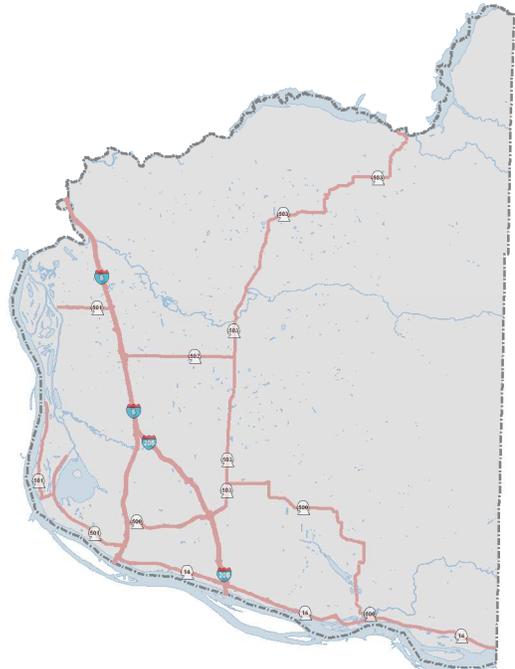
**Youth Sweetened Beverage Consumption
Clark County and Washington State
10th Grade Students, 2006 & 2008**



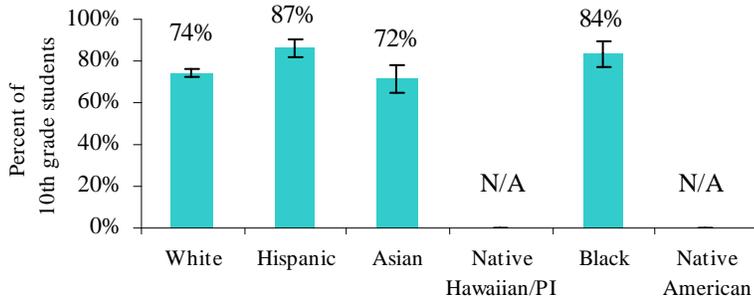
Geography

Geographic data are not available for this indicator.

**Geographic Information Not Available
For This Health Indicator**



**Youth Sweetened Beverage Consumption by Race/Ethnicity
Clark County 10th Grade Students, 2006 & 2008**

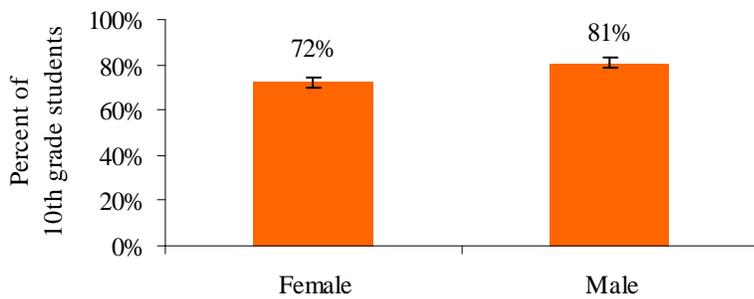


Race/ethnicity

In 2006 and 2008 in Clark County, compared to White tenth grade students, sweetened beverage consumption at school among:

- Hispanic and Black tenth grade students was **higher**.
- Asian tenth grade students was similar.
- Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and Native American tenth grade students could not be calculated due to small numbers.

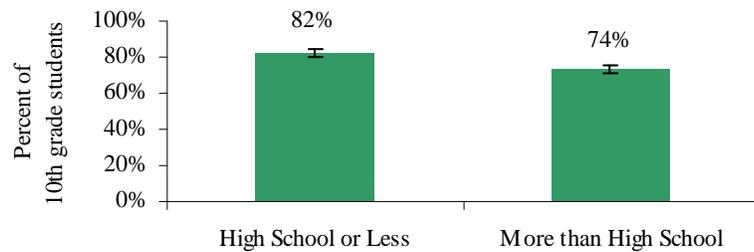
**Youth Sweetened Beverage Consumption by Gender
Clark County 10th Grade Students, 2006 & 2008**



Gender

In 2006 and 2008 in Clark County, sweetened beverage consumption at school among tenth grade females was **lower** than males.

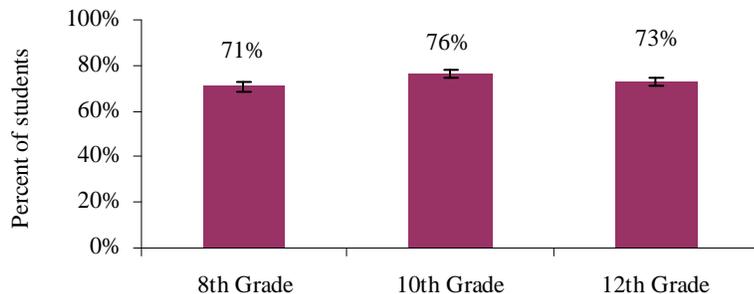
**Youth Sweetened Beverage Consumption
by Mother's Level of Education
Clark County 10th Grade Students, 2006 & 2008**



Socioeconomic status

In 2006 and 2008 in Clark County, sweetened beverage consumption at school was **lower** among tenth grade students whose mothers completed more than a high school education compared to those whose mothers had a high school education or less.

**Youth Sweetened Beverage Consumption by Grade Level
Clark County, 2006 & 2008**



Age

In 2006 and 2008 in Clark County, sweetened beverage consumption at school was similar across grade levels.